



New connection on: : 07-12-2017 : 03:17:43 - Last disconnection on: : 07-12-2017 : 02:46:58

V 4.0.0.44164(LP,U,linux) (Rev:43856 2017-04-27 09:03:29 +0200#(D201714)) (RPM D201714)

Welcome to EPOQUE Rebuild under the Production Environment

[EPODOC: SS 16] OCR and legal and text

Results in EPODOC 1

[SS 17] ..v

[EPODOC: SS 17] OCR and classification and rule

Results in EPODOC 2

[SS 18] OCR and rule and name and date

Results in EPODOC 0

[SS 19] OCr and name and date

Results in EPODOC 7

[SS 20] ..v

[EPODOC: SS 20] OCR ans pattern'

Results in EPODOC 0

EPODOC: term 'OCR ANS PATTERN' not found in index 'BI'. WARNING(1)

[SS 21] OCR and pattern

Results in EPODOC 347

[SS 22] 21 and classification

Results in EPODOC 13

[SS 23] ..v

[EPODOC: SS 23] ..li



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- PN - [CN106940804](#) A 20170711
- PR - CN20171102141 20170223
- AP - CN20171102141 20170223
- DT - I
- CT - || STSE (A)
[US7570816](#) B2 20090804 [A] (BARGERON DAVID M [US], et al)
[A] 1-10
* 全文 *;
[CN101908136](#) A 20101208 [A] (BYD CO LTD)
[A] 1-10
* 全文 *;
[CN104484643](#) A 20150401 [X] (USTC UNIV SCIENCE TECH CN)
[X] 1-2
* 说明书第[0021]-[0044]段 *;
[CN104778432](#) A 20150715 [A] (CTRIIP COMP TECHNOLOGY SHANGHAI CO LTD)
[A] 1-10
* 全文 *
- CNOI - [G06K9/2072](#) ; [G06K9/344](#) ; [G06K9/36](#) ; [G06K9/40](#) ; [G06K9/46](#) ; [G06K9/6267](#)
- CNOA - [G06K2009/363](#) ; [G06K2209/01](#)
- PA - HANGZHOU QIANJINDING ZHUOZHU INFORMATION TECH CO LTD
- TI - Form data automatic recording method for management system of building engineering materials
- AB - The invention relates to a form data automatic recording method for the management system of building engineering materials, wherein the method solves defects in the prior art. According to the technical scheme of the invention, the method comprises the steps of 1, visiting the management system of building engineering materials, and uploading well scanned table pictures to the management system of building engineering materials; 2, sequentially subjecting table pictures to the ashing sub-step, the binarization sub-step and the automatic tilt correction processing sub-step through a picture processing module; 3, further positioning and extracting characters in the table cells of a table through a table processing module; 4, subjecting the characters to segmentation, feature extraction and **pattern classification** through an **OCR** module; 5, typing the well classified information into the management system of building engineering materials. Based on the method, the good picture processing and the good table processing are realized, so that the character information is provided for subsequent feature extraction and feature **classification**, wherein the character information is complete, reliable and free of noise interference as much as possible.

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- PN - [US9424533](#) B1 20160823
- PR - US201614986673 20160102; US201514847916 20150908; US201514746815 20150622; US201161538824P 20110924
- AP - US201614986673 20160102
- DT - **
- CT - || STSE (B1)
[US2009281906](#) A1 20091112 [] (CAI RUI [CN], et al)
- CTNP - || STSE (B1)

- [] - The Concept of a Z-Number-A New Direction in Uncertain Computation Lotfi A. Zadeh Computer Science Division Department of EECS UC Berkeley IRI 2011 Aug. 3, 2011 Las Vegas.
- [] - Computing with Words-A Paradigm Shift Lotfi A. Zadeh Computer Science Division Department of EECS UC Berkeley Feb. 10, 2010 Electrical Engineering Computer Science Colloquium UC Berkeley.
- [] - A Note on Z-numbers Lotfi A. Zadeh 1 Department of EECS, University of California, Berkeley, CA 94720-1776, United States.
- [] - The Concept of a Z-Number-Toward a Higher Level of Generality in Uncertain Computation Lotfi A. Zadeh Computer Science Division Department of EECS UC Berkeley.

CCI	- G05B13/0275 ; G06N7/02
CUI	- G06F17/274 ; G06F17/28 ; G06N5/046 ; G06N7/005 ; G06N99/005 ; G06K9/4609 ; G06K9/52 ; G06K9/6267 ; G06T7/12
CUA	- G06F17/30985 ; G06N5/02 ; G06N5/047
PA	- ZADEH LOTFI A [US]; Z ADVANCED COMPUTING INC [US]
TI	- Method and system for predicting an outcome of an event
AB	- Specification covers new algorithms, methods, and systems for artificial intelligence, soft computing, and deep learning/recognition, e.g., image recognition (e.g., for action, gesture, emotion, expression, biometrics, fingerprint, facial, OCR (text), background, relationship, position, pattern , and object), large number of images ("Big Data") analytics, machine learning, training schemes, crowd-sourcing (using experts or humans), feature space, clustering, classification , similarity measures, optimization, search engine, ranking, question-answering system, soft (fuzzy or unsharp) boundaries/impresiseness/ambiguities/fuzziness in language, Natural Language Processing (NLP), Computing-with-Words (CWW), parsing, machine translation, sound and speech recognition, video search and analysis (e.g. tracking), image annotation, geometrical abstraction, image correction, semantic web, context analysis, data reliability (e.g., using Z-number (e.g., "About 45 minutes; Very sure")), rules engine, control system, autonomous vehicle, self-diagnosis and self-repair robots, system diagnosis, medical diagnosis, biomedicine, data mining, event prediction, financial forecasting, economics, risk assessment, e-mail management, database management, indexing and join operation, memory management, and data compression.

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PN	- US9262688 B1 20160216
PR	- US201514847916 20150908; US201514746815 20150622; US201514612250 20150202; US201161538824P 20110924
AP	- US201514847916 20150908
DT	- **
CT	- STSE (B1) US2009281906 A1 20091112 [] (CAI RUI [CN], et al)
CTNP	- STSE (B1) [] - The Concept of a Z-Number-A New Direction in Uncertain Computation Lotfi A. Zadeh Computer Science Division Department of EECS UC Berkeley IRI 2011 Aug. 3, 2011 Las Vegas. [] - Computing with Words-A Paradigm Shift Lotfi A. Zadeh Computer Science Division Department of EECS UC Berkeley Feb. 10, 2010 Electrical Engineering Computer Science Colloquium UC Berkeley.

- [] - A Note on Z-numbers Lotfi A. Zadeh ,1 Department of EECS, University of California, Berkeley, CA 94720-1776, United States.
- [] - The Concept of a Z-Number-Toward a Higher Level of Generality in Uncertain Computation Lotfi A. Zadeh Computer Science Division Department of EECS UC Berkeley.
- [] - Music Emotion Classification: A Fuzzy Approach-2006-Yi-Hsuan Yang, Chia-Chu Liu, and Homer H. Chen Graduate Institute of Communication Engineering, National Taiwan University 1 Roosevelt Rd. Sec.4, Taipei, 10617, Taiwan R.O.C. 886-2-3366-3549 b91901109@ntu.edu.tw, b90901034@ntu.edu.tw, homer@cc.ee.ntu.edu.tw.
- CCI - [G05B13/0275](#) ; [G06N7/02](#)
- CUI - [G06F17/274](#) ; [G06F17/28](#) ; [G06N5/046](#) ; [G06N7/005](#) ; [G06N99/005](#) ; [G06K9/4609](#) ; [G06K9/52](#) ; [G06K9/6267](#) ; [G06T7/12](#)
- CUA - [G06F17/30985](#) ; [G06N5/02](#) ; [G06N5/047](#)
- PA - ZADEH LOTFI A [US]; ADVANCED COMPUTING INC Z [US]
- TI - Method and system for analyzing and recognition of an emotion or expression from multimedia, text, or sound track
- AB - Specification covers new algorithms, methods, and systems for artificial intelligence, soft computing, and deep learning/recognition, e.g., image recognition (e.g., for action, gesture, emotion, expression, biometrics, fingerprint, facial, **OCR** (text), background, relationship, position, **pattern**, and object), large number of images ("Big Data") analytics, machine learning, training schemes, crowd-sourcing (using experts or humans), feature space, clustering, **classification**, similarity measures, optimization, search engine, ranking, question-answering system, soft (fuzzy or unsharp) boundaries/impresiseness/ambiguities/fuzziness in language, Natural Language Processing (NLP), Computing-with-Words (CWW), parsing, machine translation, sound and speech recognition, video search and analysis (e.g. tracking), image annotation, geometrical abstraction, image correction, semantic web, context analysis, data reliability (e.g., using Z-number (e.g., "About 45 minutes; Very sure")), rules engine, control system, autonomous vehicle, self-diagnosis and self-repair robots, system diagnosis, medical diagnosis, biomedicine, data mining, event prediction, financial forecasting, economics, risk assessment, e-mail management, database management, indexing and join operation, memory management, and data compression.

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- PN - [US2015310301](#) A1 20151029
- PNFP - US9171261 B1 20151027
- PR - US201514746815 20150622; US201514612250 20150202; US201414201974 20140310; US201313953047 20130729; US201213621135 20120915; US201161538824P 20110924
- AP - US201514746815 20150622
- DT - **
- CTNP - || STSE (B1)
- [] - The Concept of a Z-Number-Toward a Higher Level of Generality in Uncertain Computation Lotfi A. Zadeh Computer Science Division Department of EECS UC Berkeley.
- [] - A Note on Z-numbers Lotfi A. Zadeh ,1 Department of EECS, University of California, Berkeley, CA 94720-1776United States.
- [] - The Concept of a Z-Number-A New Direction in Uncertain Computation Lotfi A.

Zadeh Computer Science Division Department of EECS UC Berkeley IRI 2011 Aug 32011 Las Vegas.

[] - Computing with Words-A Paradigm Shift Lotfi A. Zadeh Computer Science Division Department of EECS UC Berkeley Feb. 102010 Electrical Engineering Computer Science Colloquium UC Berkeley.

- CCI - [G05B13/0275](#) ; [G06N7/02](#)
- CUI - [G06F17/274](#) ; [G06F17/28](#) ; [G06N5/046](#) ; [G06N7/005](#) ; [G06N99/005](#) ; [G06K9/4609](#) ; [G06K9/52](#) ; [G06K9/6267](#) ; [G06T7/12](#)
- CUA - [G06F17/30985](#) ; [G06N5/02](#) ; [G06N5/047](#)
- PA - (A1)
ZADEH LOTFI A [US]
- (B1)
ZADEH LOTFI A [US]; ADVANCED COMPUTING INC Z [US]
- TI - (A1 B1)
Analyzing or resolving ambiguities in an image for object or **pattern** recognition
- AB - (A1 B1)
Specification covers new algorithms, methods, and systems for artificial intelligence, soft computing, and deep learning/recognition, e.g., image recognition (e.g., for action, gesture, emotion, expression, biometrics, fingerprint, facial, **OCR** (text), background, relationship, position, **pattern**, and object), large number of images ("Big Data") analytics, machine learning, training schemes, crowd-sourcing (using experts or humans), feature space, clustering, **classification** similarity measures, optimization, search engine, ranking, question-answering system, soft (fuzzy or unsharp) boundaries/impreciseness/ambiguities/fuzziness in language, Natural Language Processing (NLP), Computing-with-Words (CWW), parsing, machine translation, sound and speech recognition, video search and analysis (e.g. tracking), image annotation, geometrical abstraction, image correction, semantic web, context analysis, data reliability (e.g., using Z-number (e.g., "About 45 minutes; Very sure")), rules engine, control system, autonomous vehicle, self-diagnosis and self-repair robots, system diagnosis, medical diagnosis, biomedicine, data mining, event prediction, financial forecasting, economics, risk assessment, e-mail management, database management, indexing and join operation, memory management, and data compression.

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- PN - [US2015149155](#) A1 20150528
- PNFP - US9063930 B2 20150623
- PR - US201514612250 20150202; US201414201974 20140310; US201313953047 20130729; US201213621135 20120915; US201161538824P 20110924
- AP - US201514612250 20150202
- DT - **
- CTNP - || STSE (B2)
[] - The Concept of a Z-Number-Toward a Higher Level of Generality in Uncertain Computation Lotfi A. Zadeh Computer Science Division Department of EECS UC Berkeley.
[] - A Note on Z-numbers Lotfi A. Zadeh ,1 Department of EECS, University of California, Berkeley, CA 94720-1776, United States.
[] - The Concept of a Z-Number-A New Direction in Uncertain Computation Lotfi A. Zadeh Computer Science Division Department of EECS UC Berkeley IRI Aug. 3, 2011 Las Vegas.

	[] - Computing with Words-A Paradigm Shift Lotfi A. Zadeh Computer Science Division Department of EECS UC Berkeley Feb. 10, 2010 Electrical Engineering Computer Science Colloquium UC Berkeley.
CCI	- G05B13/0275 ; G06N7/02
CUI	- G06F17/274 ; G06F17/28 ; G06N5/046 ; G06N7/005 ; G06N99/005 ; G06K9/4609 ; G06K9/52 ; G06K9/6267 ; G06T7/12
CUA	- G06F17/30985 ; G06N5/02 ; G06N5/047
PA	- (A1) ZADEH LOTFI A [US] - (B2) ZADEH LOTFI A [US]; ADVANCED COMPUTING INC Z [US]
TI	- (A1) Methods and Systems for Applications for Z-numbers - (B2) Method and system for analyzing or resolving ambiguities in image recognition for gesture, emotion, or expression recognition for a human
AB	- (A1 B2) Specification covers new algorithms, methods, and systems for artificial intelligence, soft computing, and deep learning/recognition, e.g., image recognition (e.g., for action, gesture, emotion, expression, biometrics, fingerprint, facial, OCR (text), background, relationship, position, pattern , and object), large number of images ("Big Data") analytics, machine learning, training schemes, crowd-sourcing (using experts or humans), feature space, clustering, classification similarity measures, optimization, search engine, ranking, question-answering system, soft (fuzzy or unsharp) boundaries/impreciseness/ambiguities/fuzziness in language, Natural Language Processing (NLP), Computing-with-Words (CWW), parsing, machine translation, sound and speech recognition, video search and analysis (e.g. tracking), image annotation, geometrical abstraction, image correction, semantic web, context analysis, data reliability (e.g., using Z-number (e.g., "About 45 minutes; Very sure")), rules engine, control system, autonomous vehicle, self-diagnosis and self-repair robots, system diagnosis, medical diagnosis, biomedicine, data mining, event prediction, financial forecasting, economics, risk assessment, e-mail management, database management, indexing and join operation, memory management, and data compression.

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PN	- US2014201126 A1 20140717
PR	- US201414218923 20140318; US201313781303 20130228; US201414201974 20140310; US201313953047 20130729; US201213621135 20120915; US201361802810P 20130318; US201361832816P 20130608; US201361864633P 20130811; US201361871860P 20130829; US201261701789P 20120917
AP	- US201414218923 20140318
DT	- *; Rep
CT	- R141 (A1) US5212730 A 19930518 [] (WHEATLEY BARBARA J [US], et al); US2009276263 A1 20091105 [] (DEB BRIJESH [IN], et al); US2012057779 A1 20120308 [] (EL DOKOR TAREK [US]); US2012150626 A1 20120614 [] (ZHANG RUOFEI BRUCE [US], et al); US9031844 B2 20150512 [] (YU DONG [US], et al);

[US2012065976](#) A1 20120315 [] (DENG LI [US], et al)

CCI - [G06K9/627](#)

CUI - [G06N7/005](#)

PA - ZADEH LOTFI A [US]; TADAYON SAIED [US]; TADAYON BIJAN [US]

TI - Methods and Systems for Applications for Z-numbers

AB - Specification covers new algorithms, methods, and systems for artificial intelligence, soft computing, and deep learning/recognition, e.g., image recognition (e.g., for action, gesture, emotion, expression, biometrics, fingerprint, facial, **OCR** (text), background, relationship, position, **pattern**, and object), Big Data analytics, machine learning, training schemes, crowd-sourcing (experts), feature space, clustering, **classification**, SVM, similarity measures, modified Boltzmann Machines, optimization, search engine, ranking, question-answering system, soft (fuzzy or unsharp) boundaries/impreciseness/ambiguities/fuzziness in language, Natural Language Processing (NLP), Computing-with-Words (CWW), parsing, machine translation, sound and speech recognition, video search and analysis (e.g. tracking), image annotation, geometrical abstraction, image correction, semantic web, context analysis, data reliability, Z-number, Z-Web, Z-factor, rules engine, control system, autonomous vehicle, self-diagnosis and self-repair robots, system diagnosis, medical diagnosis, biomedicine, data mining, event prediction, financial forecasting, economics, risk assessment, e-mail management, database management, indexing and join operation, memory management, data compression, event-centric social network, Image Ad Network.

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PN - [US2014188462](#) A1 20140703

PNFP - US8949170 B2 20150203

PR - US201414201974 20140310; US201313953047 20130729; US201213621135 20120915; US201161538824P 20110924

AP - US201414201974 20140310

DT - **

CTNP - || STSE (B2)
 [] - The Concept of a Z-Number-Toward a Higher Level of Generality in Uncertain Computation Lotfi A. Zadeh Computer Science Division Department of EECS UC Berkeley.
 [] - A Note on Z-numbers Lotfi A. Zadeh *, 1 Department of EECS, University of California, Berkeley, CA 94720-1776, United States.
 [] - The Concept of a Z-Number-A New Direction in Uncertain Computation Lotfi A. Zadeh Computer Science Division Department of EECS UC Berkeley IRI 2011 Aug. 3, 2011 Las Vegas.
 [] - Computing with Words-A Paradigm Shift-Lotfi A. Zadeh Lotfi A. Zadeh Computer Science Division Department of EECS UC Berkeley Feb. 10, 2010 Electrical Engineering Computer Science Colloquium UC Berkeley.

CCI - [G05B13/0275](#) ; [G06N7/02](#)

CUI - [G06F17/274](#) ; [G06F17/28](#) ; [G06N5/046](#) ; [G06N7/005](#) ; [G06N99/005](#) ; [G06K9/4609](#) ; [G06K9/52](#) ; [G06K9/6267](#) ; [G06T7/12](#)

CUA - [G06F17/30985](#) ; [G06N5/02](#) ; [G06N5/047](#)

PA - (A1)
 ZADEH LOTFI A [US]
 - (B2)
 ZADEH LOTFI A [US]; ADVANCED COMPUTING INC Z [US]

- TI - (A1)
Methods and Systems for Applications for Z-numbers
- (B2)
System and method for analyzing ambiguities in language for natural language processing
- AB - (A1 B2)
Specification covers new algorithms, methods, and systems for artificial intelligence, soft computing, and deep learning/recognition, e.g., image recognition (e.g., for action, gesture, emotion, expression, biometrics, fingerprint, facial, **OCR** (text), background, relationship, position, **pattern**, and object), large number of images ("Big Data") analytics, machine learning, training schemes, crowd-sourcing (using experts or humans), feature space, clustering, **classification** similarity measures, optimization, search engine, ranking, question-answering system, soft (fuzzy or unsharp) boundaries/impresiseness/ambiguities/fuzziness in language, Natural Language Processing (NLP), Computing-with-Words (CWW), parsing, machine translation, sound and speech recognition, video search and analysis (e.g. tracking), image annotation, geometrical abstraction, image correction, semantic web, context analysis, data reliability (e.g., using Z-number (e.g., "About 45 minutes; Very sure")), rules engine, control system, autonomous vehicle, self-diagnosis and self-repair robots, system diagnosis, medical diagnosis, biomedicine, data mining, event prediction, financial forecasting, economics, risk assessment, e-mail management, database management, indexing and join operation, memory management, and data compression.

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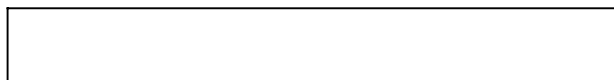
- PN - [US2013330008](#) A1 20131212
- PNFP - US8694459 B2 20140408
- PR - US201313953047 20130729; US201213621135 20120915; US201213621164 20120915; US201213423758 20120319; US201161538824P 20110924
- AP - US201313953047 20130729
- DT - **
- CTNP - || R141 (A1)
[] - THE CONCEPT OF A Z-NUMBER-TOWARD A HIGHER LEVEL OF GENERALITY IN UNCERTAIN COMPUTATION Lotfi A. Zadeh Computer Science Division Department of EECS UC Berkeley
[] - A Note on Z-numbers Lotfi A. Zadeh ↑,1 Department of EECS, University of California, Berkeley, CA 94720-1776, United States
[] - THE CONCEPT OF A Z-NUMBER-A NEW DIRECTION IN UNCERTAIN COMPUTATION Lotfi A. Zadeh Computer Science Division Department of EECS UC Berkeley IRI 2011 Aug 3, 2011 Las Vegas
- || STSE (B2)
[] - The Concept of A Z-Number-Toward a Higher Level of Generality in Uncertain Computation Lotfi A. Zadeh Computer Science Division Department of EECS UC Berkeley.
[] - A Note on Z-numbers Lotfi A. Zadeh , 1 Department of EECS, University of California, Berkeley, CA 94720-1776, United States.
[] - The Concept of A Z-Number-A New Direction in Uncertain Computation Lotfi A. Zadeh Computer Science Division Department of EECS UC Berkeley IRI 2011 Aug 3, 2011 Las Vegas.
- CCI - [G05B13/0275](#) ; [G06N7/02](#)
- CUI - [G06F17/274](#) ; [G06F17/28](#) ; [G06N5/046](#) ; [G06N7/005](#) ; [G06N99/005](#) ; [G06K9/4609](#) ;

[G06K9/52](#) ; [G06K9/6267](#) ; [G06T7/12](#)

- CUA - [G06F17/30985](#) ; [G06N5/02](#) ; [G06N5/047](#)
- PA - (A1)
ZADEH LOTFI A [US]
- (B2)
ZADEH LOTFI A [US]; ADVANCED COMPUTING INC Z [US]
- TI - (A1)
Methods and Systems for Applications for Z-numbers
- (B2)
System and method for image recognition and matching for targeted advertisement
- AB - (A1)
The current specification covers various new algorithms, methods, and systems for, e.g., image recognition (e.g., for action, gesture, emotion, expression, biometrics, fingerprint, facial, **OCR** (text recognition), background, relationship, position, **pattern**, and object), machine learning, training schemes, feature space, clustering, **classification**, similarity measures, optimization, search engine, ranking, question-answering system, soft (fuzzy or unsharp) boundaries/impresiseness/fuzziness in language, clustering, and recognition, Natural Language Processing (NLP), Computing with Words (CWW), parsing, machine translation, sound and speech recognition, video search and analysis (e.g. tracking), image annotation, geometrical abstraction, image correction, semantic web, context analysis, data reliability (e.g., using Z-number (e.g., "About 45 minutes; Very sure")), rules engine, control system, autonomous vehicle, system diagnosis, medical diagnosis, biomedicine, large number of images analytics, event prediction, financial forecasting, economics, risk assessment, e-mail management, database management, indexing and join operation, memory management, data compression, and crowd-sourcing (using experts or humans).
- (B2)
The current specification covers various new algorithms, methods, and systems for, e.g., image recognition (e.g., for action, gesture, emotion, expression, biometrics, fingerprint, facial, **OCR** (text recognition), background, relationship, position, **pattern**, and object), machine learning, training schemes, feature space, clustering, **classification**, similarity measures, optimization, search engine, ranking, question-answering system, soft (fuzzy or unsharp) boundaries/impresiseness/fuzziness in language, clustering, and recognition, Natural Language Processing (NLP), Computing with Words (CWW), parsing, machine translation, sound and speech recognition, video search and analysis (e.g. tracking), image annotation, geometrical abstraction, image correction, semantic web, context analysis, data reliability (e.g., using Z-number (e.g., "About 45 minutes; Very sure")), rules engine, control system, autonomous vehicle, system diagnosis, medical diagnosis, biomedicine, large number of images analytics, event prediction, financial forecasting, economics, risk assessment, e-mail management, database management, indexing and join operation, memory management, data compression, and crowd-sourcing (using experts or humans).

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- PN - [US2013039591](#) A1 20130214
- PNFP - US8463054 B2 20130611
- PR - US201213442192
20120409; US201213427062
20120322; US201161522274P



20110811

AP - US201213442192 20120409

DT - **

CT - || STSE (B2)
[US3634822](#) A 19720111 [
] (IBM)
[US4010446](#) A 19770301 [
] (RICOH KK)
[US4499596](#) A 19850212 [
] (IBM [US])
[US4831657](#) A 19890516 [
] (IBM [US])
[US4989258](#) A 19910129 [
] (IBM [US])
[US5394484](#) A 19950228 [
] (IBM [US])
[US5745600](#) A 19980428 [
] (XEROX CORP [US])
[US5778092](#) A 19980707 [
] (XEROX CORP [US])
[US6269353](#) B1 20010731 [
] (SETHI ISHWAR K [US], et al)
[US7031948](#) B2 20060418 [
] (LEE SHIH-JONG J [US])
[US2008273807](#) A1 20081106
 [] (IRIS SA [BE])

CTNP - || STSE (B2)
 [] Wang et al. (Aug. 1995)
 "A multi-layer classifier for
 recognition of
 unconstrained handwritten
 numerals." Proc.
 3rd IEEE Int'l Conf. on
 Document Analysis and
 Recognition,
 vol. 2 pp. 849-852
 [] Xu et al. (Jul. 2009) "A
 hierarchical classification
 model
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 categorization." Proc. 10th
 IEEE Int'l Conf.
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 and Recognition, pp. 486-490
 [] Safavian et al. (Jun.
 1991) "A survey of decision
 tree
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 IEEE Trans. on Systems, Man,
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 Cybernetics, vol. 21 No. 3,
 pp. 660-674

- [] Blue et al. (Oct. 1993)
"Evaluation of pattern
classifiers
for fingerprint and OCR
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Recognition,
vol. 27 No. 4, pp. 485-501
- [] Ripley, B.D. (1996)
Pattern Recognition and
Neural
Networks. Cambridge
University Press
- [] Serra et al., Eds. (1994)
Mathematical morphology
and its
applications to image
processing. Kluwer Academic
Publishers
- || R141 (A1)
[] Serra et al., Eds. (1994)
Mathematical morphology
and its
applications to image
processing. Kluwer Academic
Publishers
- CCI - [G06K9/44](#) ; [G06K9/6282](#)
- CCA - [G06K2209/01](#)
- PA - (A1)
IRIS SA [BE]; DE MUELENAERE
PIERRE [BE]; DAUW MICHEL
[BE]; DUPONT OLIVIER [BE];
VERLEYSSEN PATRICK [BE]
- (B2)
DE MUELENAERE PIERRE [BE];
DAUW MICHEL [BE]; DUPONT
OLIVIER [BE]; VERLEYSSEN
PATRICK [BE]; IRIS SA [BE]
- TI - (A1)
PATTERN RECOGNITION
PROCESS, COMPUTER
PROGRAM PRODUCT AND
MOBILE TERMINAL
- (B2)
Hierarchical **OCR** using
decision tree and
nonparametric classifier
- AB - (A1)
Pattern recognition process
that includes, starting from
an input **pattern**:
normalization of the
input **pattern** into a

normalized **pattern** of predetermined size; generation of a reliable **pattern** from the normalized **pattern** by using at least one morphological operator; calculation of a distance between the reliable **pattern** and selected templates which are selected from a template library; **classification** of the reliable patterns into at least one of the classes of the selected templates by means of at least one non-parametric **classification** method, which uses the classes of the selected templates and the calculated distances as inputs and outputs identified classes along with confidence levels.

- (B2)

A **pattern** recognition process, a non-transitory computer program product, and a mobile terminal for **pattern** recognition. An input **pattern** is normalized and a reliable **pattern** is generated from the normalized **pattern** by using at least one morphological operator. The distance between the reliable **pattern** and selected templates which are selected from a template library using a decision tree, is calculated. The reliable patterns are classified into at least one of the classes of the selected templates by at least one non-parametric **classification** method.

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PN - [US2012189194](#) A1 20120726

PNFP - US8885931 B2 20141111

PR - US201113013968 20110126

AP - US201113013968 20110126



DT	- *; Rep
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CCI	- G06F21/316 ; G06F21/36 ; G06K9/6255
PA	- (A1 B2) SRIVASTAVA KUMAR S [US]; MICROSOFT CORP [US]
TI	- (A1 B2) MITIGATING USE OF MACHINE SOLVABLE HIPs
AB	- (A1 B2) One or more techniques

and/or systems are disclosed for mitigating machine solvable human interactive proofs (HIPs). A classifier is trained over a set of one or more training HIPs that have known characteristics for **OCR** solvability and HIP solving **pattern** from actual use. A HIP **classification** is determined for a HIP (such as from a HIP library used by a HIP generator) using the trained classifier. If the HIP is classified by the trained classifier as a merely human solvable **classification**, such that it may not be solved by a machine, the HIP can be identified for use in the HIP generation system. Otherwise, the HIP can be altered to (attempt to) be merely human solvable.

TXT - captcha

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PN - [CN102567725](#) A 20120711

PR - CN20111436948 20111223

AP - CN20111436948 20111223

DT - I

CT - || STSE (A)

[CN101097600](#) A 20080102

[A] (FOUNDER GROUP [CN])

[A] 1-2

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[YX] (FUJITSU LTD)

[Y] 2

* 说明书第[0009]-[0014]段 *

[X] 1;

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[A] (KIM KYE KYUNG [KR], et al)

[A] 1-2

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CTNP - || STSE (A)

[Y] - 王嵘等, "基于笔划合并

的手写体信函地址汉字切分

识别", 《清华大学学报》,

(20040430), vol. 44, no. 4,

pages 498 - 502

[Y] 2

- PA - STATE GRID ELECTRIC POWER
RES INST
- TI - Soft segmentation method of
financial **OCR** system
handwritten numerical strings
- AB - The invention discloses a soft
segmentation method of
financial **OCR** system
handwritten numerical
strings. Automatic
recognition processing of
financial paper realizes
automatic input and
rechecking of financial paper,
seamlessly integrates the
whole process of image
processing, layout analysis
and intelligent identification,
and comprises
automatic **classification** of
financial paper images,
image preprocessing of the
financial paper,
identification, supervision
and checking of elements in
the financial paper, and the
like. **OCR** technology is the
core part in a financial paper
automatic recognition
processing system, requires
cutting connected character
strings required for
automatic processing of
financial paper elements into
single characters, and
performing character
recognition. The character
recognizer at the present
stage has high accuracy rate,
so that the overall
recognition rate of the **OCR**
system depends on the
accurate rate and the
acceptability of character
string segmentation. The
method aims at solving the
technical problem of a soft
segmentation method for
realizing connected numeric
strings based on a
fuzzy **pattern** recognition
theory, so as to improve the

accurate rate of the integral segmentation flow and reduce the false rejection rate of the system, and improve the overall performance of the recognition system.

12/13 © EPODOC / EPO

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- PR - US19940361391
19941221; US19940263304
19940621
- AP - US19940361391 19941221
- DT - **
- CT - || STSE (A)
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- CCI - [G06K9/32](#) ; [G06K9/344](#) ;
[G06K9/4628](#) ; [G06K9/66](#)
- CCA - [G06K2209/01](#)
- PA - EASTMAN KODAK CO [US]
- TI - Evidential confidence
measure and rejection
technique for use in a neural
network based optical
character recognition system
- AB - Apparatus, and an
accompanying method, for
use in, e.g., a neural network-
based optical character
recognition (**OCR**) system (5)
for accurately classifying
each individual character
extracted from a string of
characters, and specifically
for generating a highly
reliable confidence measure
that would be used in
deciding whether to accept or
reject each classified
character. Specifically, a
confidence measure,
associated with each output
of, e.g., a neural classifier
(165), is generated through
use of all the neural
activation output values.
Each individual neural
activation output provides
information for a
corresponding atomic
hypothesis of an evidence
function. This hypothesis is

that a **pattern** belongs to a particular class. Each neural output is transformed (1650) through a pre-defined monotonic function into a degree of support in its associated evidence function. These degrees of support are then combined (1680, 1690) through an orthogonal sum to yield a single confidence measure associated with the specific **classification** then being produced by the neural classifier.

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PNFP - EP0689154 A3 19970611

PR - US19940263304
19940621; US19940361391
19941221

AP - EP19950201518 19950609

DT - *; Rep

CT - || STSE (A3)
[XP000322021](#) A[X]

CTNP - || STSE (A3)
[X] KEIJI YAMADA, "A
REJECTION FUNCTION FOR
MULTILAYER NEURAL
NETWORKS AND MULTIFONT
ALPHANUMERIC
RECOGNITION", NEC RESEARCH
AND DEVELOPMENT,
(19930401), vol. 34, no. 2,
pages 274 - 282,
XP000322021
[X] 1-3, 10-12
* chapter 3 *

CCI - [G06K9/32](#) ; [G06K9/344](#) ;
[G06K9/4628](#) ; [G06K9/66](#)

CCA - [G06K2209/01](#)

PA - (A2 A3)
EASTMAN KODAK CO [US]

TI - (A2 A3)
An evidential confidence
measure and rejection
technique for use in a neural
network based optical
character recognition system



AB

- (A2)

Apparatus, and an accompanying method, for use in, e.g., a neural network-based optical character recognition (**OCR**) system (5) for accurately classifying each individual character extracted from a string of characters, and specifically for generating a highly reliable confidence measure that would be used in deciding whether to accept or reject each classified character. Specifically, a confidence measure, associated with each output of, e.g., a neural classifier (165), is generated through use of all the neural activation output values. Each individual neural activation output provides information for a corresponding atomic hypothesis of an evidence function. This hypothesis is that a **pattern** belongs to a particular class. Each neural output is transformed (1650) through a pre-defined monotonic function into a degree of support in its associated evidence function. These degrees of support are then combined (1680, 1690) through an orthogonal sum to yield a single confidence measure associated with the specific **classification** then being produced by the neural classifier. <IMAGE>