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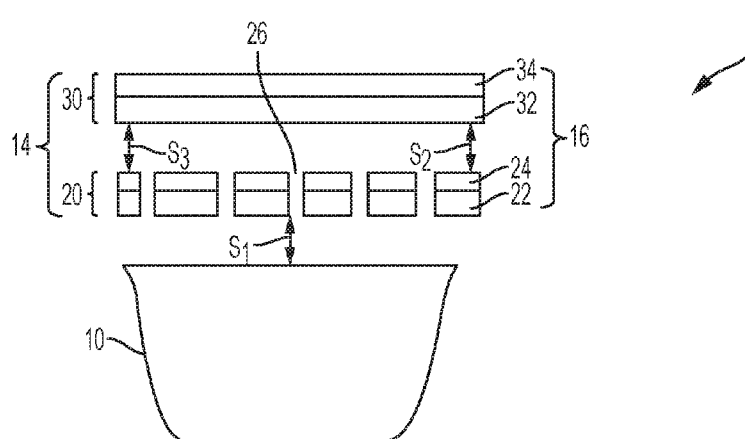


FIG. 1

(57) Abstract: Container (1) having a container body (10) having a sealing lip (12). The container (1) comprises a bottom perforated film (20) adhered to the sealing lip (12) at a first adhesion strength (S1), a top film (30) adhered to the bottom perforated film (20) at a second adhesion strength (S2) at locations not vertically aligned with a seal end (38), and wherein the top film (30) adheres to the bottom perforated film (20) at a third adhesion strength (S3) at the seal end (38). The third adhesion strength (S3) is greater than the first adhesion strength (S1) which is greater than the second adhesion strength (S2), such that the top film (30) is peelable relative to the bottom perforated film (24) at the opening end (36), and the top film (30) is peelable with the bottom perforated film (20) relative to the container body (10) at the seal end (38).

RIGID PACKAGING WITH A STRAINING FEATURE

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

[0001] This application claims priority to European Patent Application No. 15382653.2 filed December 21, 2015, which is incorporated by reference herein in its entirety.

TECHNICAL FIELD

[0002] Embodiments of the present disclosure generally relate to rigid product packaging. More specifically, embodiments of the present disclosure relate to rigid packages comprising a straining feature for products stored and transported in a preserving liquid or for dispensing a dry powdered or flaked product.

BACKGROUND

[0003] A variety of foodstuffs and other consumer goods are packaged for storage or transport in a fluid. For example, fresh mozzarella cheese and pickles are commonly packaged in a liquid to maintain their quality and characteristics between manufacture and consumption by the consumer. Additionally, ball bearings or other machined parts may be packaged and transported in a preserving fluid, such as oil or alcohol, to prevent oxidation or other detrimental changes before use and/or installation. A vast array of other fields utilize products which are similarly stored, transported, or packaged in a fluid which needs to be drained before utilization of the product.

[0004] The difficulty for the consumer with packaging where a solid product is contained in a liquid is that it can be difficult for the consumer to access the product without risking an accidental spill of the liquid, and/or the solid product. Conventional containers for packaging a solid product in a liquid may not attempt to provide a means for separation of the liquid and solid product. For example, a glass jar of pickles with a standard twist off cap necessitates reaching into the pickling solution with a finger or fork to retrieve a pickle. Other solutions which have attempted to solve this problem include utilization of a second removable

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container with draining capabilities nested within a main outer container. However, such dual container arrangements present a more costly and complicated manufacturing process.

[0005] Accordingly, there remains a need for a rigid package that facilitates consumer access to a solid product stored in a liquid while minimizing the risk of an accidental spill of the liquid and/or solid product.

SUMMARY

[0006] Embodiments of the present disclosure are directed to rigid packages with a perforated film that allows drainage of a liquid from a container while retaining the solid products therein. Embodiments of the present disclosure are also directed to rigid packages with a perforated film that allows dry powder or flaked products to be dispensed from the flexible package.

[0007] In accordance with one embodiment, a container is provided. The container comprises a container body having a sealing lip, wherein the sealing lip comprising an opening end and a seal end spaced from the opening end. The container also comprises a bottom perforated film comprising a first sealant layer and a first substrate layer, the first sealant layer being adhered to the sealing lip at a first adhesion strength, and also comprises a top film adhered to the bottom perforated film, and comprising a second sealant layer and a second substrate layer, wherein the top film adheres to the bottom perforated film at a second adhesion strength at one or more locations not in vertical alignment with the seal end, and wherein the top film adheres to the bottom perforated film at a third adhesion strength at a location in vertical alignment with the seal end. The third adhesion strength is greater than the first adhesion strength which is greater than the second adhesion strength, such that, upon application of a pull force, the top film is peelable relative to the bottom perforated film at the opening end and the top film is peelable with the bottom perforated film relative to the container body at the seal end.

[0008] In another container embodiment, the container comprises a container body having a sealing lip, the sealing lip comprising an opening end and a seal end, and also comprises a bottom perforated film comprising a first sealant layer and a first substrate layer, the first

sealant layer being adhered to the sealing lip at a first adhesion strength. The container further comprises a top film adhered to the bottom perforated film, the top film comprising a second sealant layer and a second substrate layer, wherein the top film adheres to the bottom perforated film at a second adhesion strength. The first adhesion strength is greater than the second adhesion strength, such that, upon application of pull force to the top film at the opening end, the top film is peelable relative to the bottom perforated film and, upon application of pull force to the bottom perforated film at the seal end, the bottom perforated film is peelable relative to the container body.

[0009] These and additional features provided by the embodiments of the present disclosure will be more fully understood in view of the following detailed description, in conjunction with the drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0010] The following detailed description of specific embodiments of the present disclosure can be best understood when read in conjunction with the drawings enclosed herewith.

[0011] FIG. 1 is an exploded view of a container according to one or more embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0012] FIG. 2 is a perspective view of a container body according to one or more embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0013] FIG. 3 is a schematic view of a bottom perforated film according to one or more embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0014] FIG. 4 is a schematic view of a top film according to one or more embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0015] FIG. 5A is a perspective view of a container according to one or more embodiments of the present disclosure.

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[0016] FIG. 5B is a perspective view of a container with a top layer partially removed according to one or more embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0017] FIG. 5C is a perspective view of a container with a top layer removed and a bottom perforated layer partially removed according to one or more embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0018] FIG. 6 is a perspective view of a container with a top opening tab and a bottom seal tab in alignment according to one or more embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0019] FIG. 7 is a perspective view of a container with a top opening tab and a bottom seal tab in positioned substantially opposite the top opening tab according to one or more embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0020] FIG. 8 is a perspective view of a container with a top opening tab and a bottom seal tab positioned askew according to one or more embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0021] The embodiments set forth in the drawings are illustrative in nature and not intended to be limiting to the claims. Moreover, individual features of the drawings will be more fully apparent and understood in view of the detailed description.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0022] Referring to FIG. 1, an embodiment of a container **1** is shown. The depicted containers are circular cups; however, various additional container types and shapes are contemplated herein. The container **1** includes a container body **10**, a bottom perforated film **20** adhered to the container body **10** and a top film **30** adhered to the bottom perforated film **20**. The exploded schematic view of FIG. 1 depicts the location and relationship of the multiple components of the container **1**. The top film **30** and the bottom perforated film **20** are intentionally enlarged in FIG. 1 (i.e., not drawn to scale) for purposes of illustrating one or more features of the present disclosure and should not be construed as narrowing the scope based on scale.

[0023] With reference to FIG. 2, the container body **10** has a sealing lip **12** disposed around the periphery of a top edge of the container body **10**. In one or more embodiments, the sealing lip **12** includes a seal end **14** and an opening end **16**. The seal end **14** is spaced from the opening end **16**, for example, in opposite sides of the sealing lip **12**. The seal end **14** and the opening end **16** may define portions along the sealing lip **12**. In embodiments where tabs are included in the container **1**, as described below, the seal end **14** and the opening end **16** may encompass the regions of the sealing lip **12** in vertical alignment with tabs for removal of the bottom perforated film **20** and the top film **30**, respectively, from the container body **10**.

[0024] Various materials are contemplated for the container body **10**. In one or more embodiments, the container body **10** comprises a polymeric material; for example, polyolefins, polyethylene terephthalate (PET), polystyrene (PS), or combinations thereof. The polyolefins may include polyethylene (PE), polypropylene (PP), or combinations thereof. In one or more embodiments, the container body **10** is a multilayer construction. For example, the container body **10** may be PS/ethylene vinyl acetate (EVA)/PE or PET/Tie layer/PE with the PE representing the inner layer and the PS or PET representing the outer layer.

[0025] With reference to FIG. 1, the bottom perforated film **20** and the top film **30** are multilayer films; however, it is also contemplated that the bottom perforated film **20**, the top film **30**, or both may be monolayer films. While the multilayer films discussed herein have two layers, it is contemplated that more than two layers may be used for the bottom perforated film **20** and the top film **30**. In one or more embodiments, the multilayer structure of the bottom perforated film **20** and the top film **30** may each comprise a sealant layer to form a seal with adjoining media and a substrate layer to provide desired structural, environmental, or other material properties. The bottom perforated film **20** may have a first sealant layer **22** and a first substrate layer **24**. As shown in FIG. 1, the first sealant layer **22** of the bottom perforated film **20** adheres to the sealing lip **12** at a first adhesion strength S_1 . Similarly, the top film **30** has a second sealant layer **32** and a second substrate layer **34**. The second sealant layer **32** of the top film **30** adheres to the bottom perforated film **20** at a second adhesion strength S_2 at one or more locations not in vertical alignment with the seal

end **14**. The second sealant layer **32** of the top film **30** may also adhere to the bottom perforated film **20** at a third adhesion strength S_3 at a location in vertical alignment with the seal end **14**. As described subsequently, the adhesion of the top film **30** and the bottom perforated film **20** have varying seal strengths across the interface of the top film **30** and the bottom perforated film **20** to produce the desired peeling. Moreover, in one or more embodiments, the top film **30** adheres to the bottom perforated film **20** at the second adhesion strength S_2 only at locations in alignment with the sealing lip **12**. In further embodiments, the top film **30** adheres to the bottom perforated film **20** across the entirety of the bottom perforated film **20**.

[0026] With reference to the embodiment of FIG. 3, the bottom perforated film **20** may include a bottom seal tab **28**. When the bottom perforated film **20** is adhered to the sealing lip **12** of the container body **10**, the bottom seal tab **28** extends beyond the sealing lip **12** at the seal end **14**. The bottom seal tab **28** provides a point for application of a pull force to remove the bottom perforated film **20** from the container body **10**. In various embodiments, the bottom seal tab **28** may be a semicircular extension (as shown in FIG. 3), a strip, or simply excess film created by sizing the bottom perforated film **20** larger than the outer dimensions of the sealing lip **12**.

[0027] As stated above, the bottom perforated film **20** includes perforations **26**, which are configured to allow drainage of a fluid or dispensing of a powder or flaked product from the interior of the container body **10**. The perforations **26** may include various hole shapes, sizes and arrangements. In one or more embodiments, the perforations **26** are circular or elliptical. In various other embodiments, the perforations **26** are slots, square, rectangular, or combinations of multiple shapes. The perforations **26** may be organized into specific shapes or designs, for example, perforations shaped substantially like letters to spell a word or product name of the contents of the container **1**. In one or more embodiments, the perforations **26** are spaced evenly across the bottom perforated film **20**. Spacing perforations **26** across the entire bottom perforated film **20** allows for quick drainage of the container **1**. In further embodiments, the perforations **26** are located in only a portion of the bottom perforated film **20**. Locating perforations **26** in only a portion of the bottom perforated film **20** allows the container **1** to be slowly drained in a controlled manner or for powder or flaked

product to be dispensed from a particular corner or region in relation to the container body **10**. The spacing between perforations **26** may vary depending on the volume of fluid to be drained from the container **1**, the size of the individual perforations **26**, the desired dispensing rate of a powder or flaked product, or other factors. In various embodiments, the bottom perforated film **20** has 1 to 100 perforations, or 4 to 75 perforations, or 10 to 50 perforations, or 20 to 30 perforations. One skilled in the art will appreciate that the total number of perforations desired may vary depending on the total size of the bottom perforated film **20**, the size of the individual perforations **26**, and the desired rate of fluid drainage or dispensing rate of a powder or flaked product.

[0028] With reference to the embodiment of FIG. 4, the top film **30** may include a top opening tab **36**. When the top film **30** is adhered to the bottom perforated film **20**, which is adhered to the sealing lip **12** of the container body **10**, the top opening tab **36** extends beyond the sealing lip **12** at the opening end **16**. In various embodiments, the top opening tab **36** may be a semicircular extension (as shown in FIG. 4), a strip, or simply excess film created by sizing the bottom perforated film **20** larger than the outer dimensions of the sealing lip **12**. In one or more embodiments, the top film **30** also includes a top seal tab **38** extending beyond the sealing lip **12** at the seal end **14**. When the top film **30** is adhered to the bottom perforated film **20**, the top seal tab **38** is in alignment with the bottom seal tab **28**. Referring to FIG. 1, the top seal tab **38** may be adhered to the bottom seal tab **28** at a third adhesion strength S_3 . In one embodiment, the top seal tab **38** may match the shape of the bottom seal tab **28** to ease adhesion of the top seal tab **38** to the bottom seal tab **28**.

[0029] In one or more embodiments, the top opening tab **36** is positioned substantially opposite the bottom seal tab **28** and the top seal tab **38** along the sealing lip **12**. This arrangement allows the top film **30** to be removed from the bottom perforated film **20** by pulling on the top opening tab **36** and then, upon reaching the opposite side of the container **1**, a continued peeling force pulls on the top seal tab **38** and the bottom seal tab **28** adhered together at the third adhesion strength and removes the bottom perforated film **20**. In further embodiments, the top opening tab **36** is simply askew (i.e., spaced apart but not positioned opposite one another) of the top seal tab **38** and the bottom seal tab **28**.

[0030] In further embodiments, the bottom perforated film **20** being adhered to the sealing lip **12** and the top film **30** being adhered to the bottom perforated film **20** hermetically seals the container body **10** from an outside environment.

[0031] As previously indicated and depicted in FIG. 1, the top film **30**, the bottom perforated film **20**, and the container body **10** are adhered together at various adhesion strengths. In one or more embodiments, the first adhesion strength S_1 is greater than the second adhesion strength S_2 . Referring to FIGS. 1 and 5B, the first adhesion strength S_1 being greater than the second adhesion strength S_2 allows the top film **30** to be removed from the bottom perforated film **20** at the opening end **16** while the adhesion of the bottom perforated film **20** to the container body **10** remains intact. In one or more further embodiments, the third adhesion strength S_3 is greater than the first adhesion strength S_1 which is greater than the second adhesion strength S_2 . Referring to FIGS. 1 and 5C, the third adhesion strength S_3 being greater than the first adhesion strength S_1 , which in turn is greater than the second adhesion strength S_2 , allows the top film **30** to be removed from the entirety of the bottom perforated film **20** with the exception of the region where the top seal tab **38** is adhered to the bottom seal tab **28**, while the adhesion of the bottom perforated film **20** to the container body **10** remains intact. The third adhesion strength S_3 being greater than the first adhesion strength S_1 allows the connection between top seal tab **38** and the bottom seal tab **28** to remain intact, while the connection between the bottom perforated film **20** and the container body **10** splits when a peeling force is applied. As such, upon application of pull force to the top opening tab **36**, the top film **30** is peelable relative to the bottom perforated film **20** at the opening end **16** and the top film **30** is peelable in conjunction with the bottom perforated film **20** relative to the container body **10** at the seal end **14**.

[0032] With reference to FIGS 5A, 5B, and 5C, this staged peeling of the films of the container **1** may be seen. The top film **30** may be peeled away from the bottom perforated film **20** to expose the perforations **26** in the bottom perforated film **20**. In one or more embodiments, the top seal tab **38** and the bottom seal tab **28** are adhered together; this adhesion is depicted with the hatched region of FIG. 5A. As the pull force is continually administered to the top opening tab **36** of the top film **30**, the force is transferred through the adhered top seal tab **38** and bottom seal tab **28**, and the bottom perforated film **20** is peeled

away from the container body **10**. In operation, the top film **30** may be peeled away from the bottom perforated film **20** until the top seal tab **38** and the bottom seal tab **28** are reached. Then fluid may be drained from the container **1** through the perforations **26** while retaining solids within the container **1** behind the bottom perforated film **20**. Subsequent to draining the fluids, the pull force is re-administered to the top opening tab **36** of the top film **30** or directly to the top seal tab **38** and the bottom seal tab **28** to remove the bottom perforated film **20** from the container body **10**. Removal of the bottom perforated film **20** from the container body **10** allows the retained solids to be removed.

[0033] In further embodiments, the top film **30** may be completely removed from the bottom perforated film **20**. Subsequently, the bottom perforated film **20** may be independently removed from the container body **10** after draining of liquid from the container **1** through the perforations **26** of the bottom perforated film **20**. With reference to FIGS 6, 7, and 8, various embodiments of the container **1** configured to fully remove the top film **30** are disclosed. In one or more embodiments, as shown in FIG. 6, the top opening tab **36** is positioned in alignment with the bottom seal tab **28** along the sealing lip **12**. In further embodiments, as shown in FIG. 7, the top opening tab **36** is positioned substantially opposite the bottom seal tab **28** along the sealing lip **12**. In one or more additional embodiments, as shown in FIG. 8, the top opening tab **36** is positioned askew of the bottom seal tab **28** along the sealing lip **12**.

[0034] In one or more embodiments, the top film **30** may comprises indicia. Non-limiting examples of the indicia include printing to indicate the contents of the container **1**, instructions for opening the container **1**, or marketing slogans and graphics.

[0035] In one embodiment, the adhesion of the bottom perforated film **20** to the container body **10** and the top film **30** to the bottom perforated film **20** is achieved via a peelable seal. Peelable seals are heat sealable and peelable. As used herein, “peelable” refers to the ability to separate two materials without compromising the integrity of either of the two. In the case of the container **1**, this means the top film **30** may be separated from the bottom perforated film **20** and the bottom perforated film **20** may be separated from the sealing lip **12** of the

container body **10** without compromising the integrity of the container body **10**, the bottom perforated film **20**, or the top film **30**.

[0036] A peelable seal is generally formed by applying heat to a multilayer film product, with at least one layer comprising a structural film layer (which may also be called a substrate layer or a backing layer) and a separate layer forming a sealant layer. Application of the heat causes heat to transfer through the structural layer(s) and melt and fuse the sealant layer to form a seal. As such, while the sealant layer is melted to form a seal, the structural layer or layers does not melt. Subsequently, the multilayer film product is cooled to room temperature and the sealant layer solidifies to form the completed seal.

[0037] The force required to pull a seal apart is called the seal strength or adhesion strength. The adhesion strength can be measured in accordance with ASTM F88-94 (100 mm/min pull speed and clamped 30 mm from seal), for example. In one or more embodiments the third adhesion strength is more than 5 N/15mm (1.9 lb/in) and the second adhesion strength and the first adhesion strength are each less than 5 N/15mm (1.9 lb/in). In further embodiments, the third adhesion strength is more than 10 N/15mm (3.8 lb/in) and the second adhesion strength and the first adhesion strength are each less than 10 N/15mm (3.8 lb/in). In yet further embodiments, the third adhesion strength is more than 15 N/15mm (5.7 lb/in) and the first adhesion strength is less than 10 N/15mm (3.8 lb/in) and the second adhesion strength is less than 5 N/15mm (1.9 lb/in). The adhesion strength varies depending on the material of the sealant layer as well as the temperature, dwell time, and pressure applied during seal formation.

[0038] The adhesion strength may be adjusted by adjusting the temperature, pressure, or dwell time of a fusing nip configured to form the seals in the desired locations. For example, increasing the pressure applied by the fusing nip during a sealing operation generally results in a seal with an increased adhesion strength. Similarly, increasing the temperature of the fusing nip also generally results in an increased adhesion strength until such an elevated temperature is reached that the integrity of the film structure is damaged. For example, a peelable seal may be expected to form with a fusing nib pressure of 3 bars and a temperature in the range of 100 to 130 °C for a ½ second dwell time, whereas a lock-up (or non-peelable)

seal may be expected to form with a fusing nip pressure of 5 bars and a temperature in excess of 150 °C for a ½ second dwell time. The particular materials and structure of the films determine the specific seal strength profile for varying temperatures and/or pressures. Besides temperature and pressure, the sealing bar geometry may influence seal strength. A flat sealing bar, in general, tends to promote peelability. Conversely, a serrated or non-flat sealing bar tends to promote a lock-up or non-peelable seal. It should be appreciated that each parameter may be varied in conjunction or separately to promote the desired sealing behavior and seal strength. For example low temperature, low pressure, and flat sealing bars will produce differing seal characteristics than high temperature, high pressure, and serrated sealing bars, which will both produce differing seal characteristics than very high temperature, low pressure, and flat bars.

[0039] The sealant layer of peelable seals are generally made from one or more polymeric resins. The resulting characteristics of the peelable film and the sealant layer depend largely upon the type of the resins used to form the multilayer film. United States Patent 7,863,383, incorporated by reference herein in its entirety, discloses a variety of heat sealable and peelable seals. Other peelable seals may be utilized in adhering the bottom perforated film **20** to the container body **10** and the top film **30** to the bottom perforated film **20**. While the first sealant layer **22** and the second sealant layer **32** form the peelable seals, the first substrate layer **24** and the second substrate layer **34** may provide other desirable characteristics to the bottom perforated film **20** and the top film **30**, respectively. The first substrate layer **24** and the second substrate layer **34** may provide tearing or stretching strength, oxygen barrier properties, opacity, or other desirable material properties to the bottom perforated film **20** and the top film **30**.

[0040] In one or more embodiments, the top film **30**, the bottom perforated film **20** or both may comprise polyolefins, polystyrenes, or combinations thereof. These polyolefins may include, but are not limited to, polyolefin plastics, polyolefin elastomers, polyolefin plastomers, or combinations thereof. In one or more embodiments, the first sealant layer **22**, the second sealant layer **32**, or both may comprise a blend of a propylene based plastomer or elastomer, and at least one of a polyethylene or a polystyrene based polymer. In further embodiments, the first sealant layer **22**, the second sealant layer **32**, or both may comprise

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ethylene vinyl acetate (EVA) and ethylene methyl acrylate (EMA) copolymers, polybutylene mixed with an EVA polymer, and ionomers, such as SURLYN® (E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Company), mixed with EVA. Suitable commercial products for use as the first sealant layer **22** and the second sealant layer **32** of the bottom perforated film **20** and the top film **30** respectively may include the SEALUTION™ product line of peel polymers from The Dow Chemical Company (Midland, MI). These SEALUTION™ products may include but are not limited to SEALUTION™140, SEALUTION™220, or SEALUTION™230. The first substrate layer **24** and/or the second substrate layer **34** may include polyolefins, for example and not by way of limitation, polyethylene and polypropylene.

[0041] The container body **10**, the bottom perforated film **20**, and/or the top film **30** may also contain various additional additives. Examples of such additives include antioxidants, ultraviolet light stabilizers, thermal stabilizers, slip agents, antiblock pigments or colorants, processing aids (such as fluoropolymers), crosslinking catalyst, flame retardants, fillers, foaming agents, and others generally known in the art.

[0042] It is contemplated that the container **1** may be formed and sealed in conformity with existing processes. Specifically, the perforated bottom film **20** may be sealed to the container body **10** using a first seal-bar unit on a tray sealing packaging machine and then the top film **30** may be sealed to the perforated bottom film **20** using a second seal-bar unit on a tray sealing packaging machine. As previously indicated, the temperature, dwell time, and pressure applied by the individual seal-bars may be adjusted to achieve the desired adhesion strength for each seal. Additionally, the second seal-bar unit may include areas of differing temperature to achieve a seal at the second adhesion strength **S2** in alignment with the sealing lip **12** but at the third adhesion strength **S3** in alignment with the top seal tab **38** and the bottom seal tab **28**.

[0043] It is further noted that terms like “preferably,” “generally,” “commonly,” and “typically” are not utilized herein to limit the scope of the claimed invention or to imply that certain features are critical, essential, or even important to the structure or function of the claimed invention. Rather, these terms are merely intended to highlight alternative or

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additional features that may or may not be utilized in a particular embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0044] It will be apparent that modifications and variations are possible without departing from the scope of the disclosure defined in the appended claims. More specifically, although some aspects of the present disclosure are identified herein as preferred or particularly advantageous, it is contemplated that the present disclosure is not necessarily limited to these aspects.

CLAIMS

1. A container comprising:

a container body having a sealing lip, the sealing lip comprising an opening end and a seal end spaced from the opening end;

a bottom perforated film comprising a first sealant layer and a first substrate layer, the first sealant layer being adhered to the sealing lip at a first adhesion strength;

a top film adhered to the bottom perforated film, and comprising a second sealant layer and a second substrate layer, wherein the top film adheres to the bottom perforated film at a second adhesion strength at one or more locations not in vertical alignment with the seal end and only at locations in vertical alignment with the sealing lip, and wherein the top film adheres to the bottom perforated film at a third adhesion strength at a location in vertical alignment with the seal end;

wherein the third adhesion strength is greater than the first adhesion strength which is greater than the second adhesion strength, such that, upon application of a pull force, the top film is peelable relative to the bottom perforated film at the opening end and the top film is peelable with the bottom perforated film relative to the container body at the seal end.

2. A container comprising:

a container body having a sealing lip, the sealing lip comprising an opening end and a seal end spaced from the opening end;

a bottom perforated film comprising a first sealant layer and a first substrate layer, the first sealant layer being adhered to the sealing lip at a first adhesion strength;

a top film adhered to the bottom perforated film, and comprising a second sealant layer and a second substrate layer, wherein the top film adheres to the bottom perforated film at a second adhesion strength at one or more locations not in vertical alignment with the seal end, and wherein the top film adheres to the bottom perforated film at a third adhesion strength at a location in vertical alignment with the seal end;

wherein the third adhesion strength is greater than the first adhesion strength which is greater than the second adhesion strength, such that, upon application of pull force, the top

film is peelable relative to the bottom perforated film at the opening end and the top film is peelable with the bottom perforated film relative to the container body at the seal end,

wherein the bottom perforated film comprises a bottom seal tab extending beyond the sealing lip at the seal end.

3. The container of claim 1, wherein the bottom perforated film comprises a bottom seal tab extending beyond the sealing lip at the seal end.

4. The container of any of claims 1 or 3, wherein the application of the pull force on the bottom seal tab is operable to peel the bottom perforated film relative to the container body.

5. The container of any of claims 1 or 3, wherein the top film comprises a top seal tab in vertical alignment with the bottom seal tab.

6. The container of any of the preceding claims, wherein the top film comprises a top opening tab extending beyond the sealing lip at the opening end, wherein the application of the pull force on the top opening tab is operable to peel the top film relative to the bottom perforated film at the opening end.

7. The container of any of the preceding claims, wherein the opening end is positioned substantially opposite the seal end along the sealing lip.

8. The container of any of the preceding claims, wherein the first adhesion strength is less than 10N/15mm when measured according to ASTM F88-94 at a pull speed of 100 mm/minute.

9. The container of any of the preceding claims, wherein the second adhesion strength is less than 10N/15mm when measured according to ASTM F88-94 at a pull speed of 100 mm/minute.

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10. The container of any of the preceding claims, wherein the top film, the bottom perforated film or both comprise polyolefins, polystyrenes, or combinations thereof.
11. The container of any of the preceding claims, wherein the top film, the bottom perforated film or both comprise polyolefin plastics, polyolefin elastomers, polyolefin plastomers, or combinations thereof.
12. The container of any of the preceding claims, wherein the first sealant layer, the second sealant layer, or both comprises a propylene based plastomer or elastomer and at least one of a polyethylene or a polystyrene based polymer, ethylene vinyl acetate and ethylene methyl acrylate copolymers, polybutylene, an ionomer, or combinations thereof.
13. The container of any of the preceding claims, wherein the container body comprises one or more polyolefins, polyethylene terephthalate, polystyrene, or combinations thereof.
14. The container of any of the preceding claims, wherein the container body comprises polyethylene, polypropylene, or combinations thereof.
15. The container of claim 1, wherein the third adhesion strength is more than 10N/15mm when measured according to ASTM F88-94 at a pull speed of 100 mm/minute.

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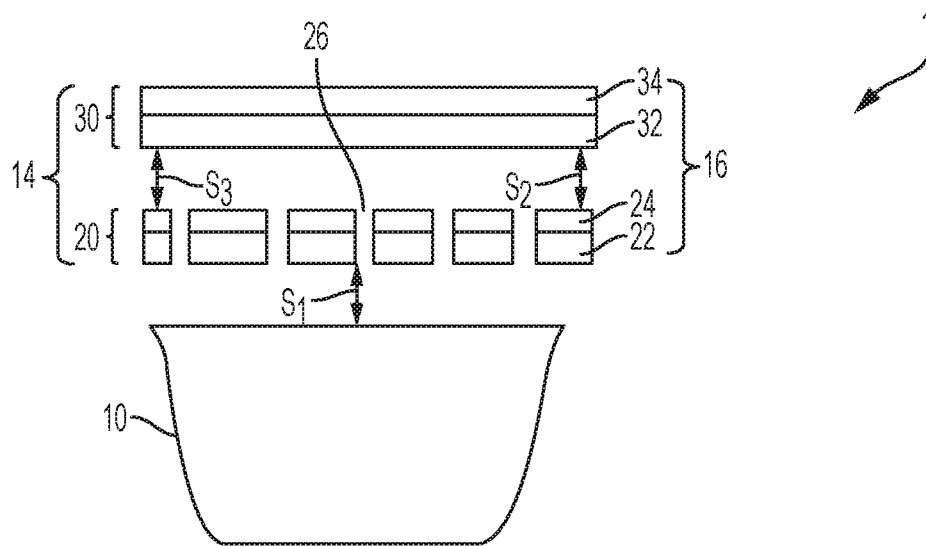


FIG. 1

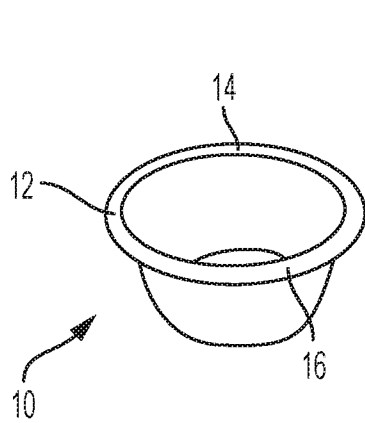


FIG. 2

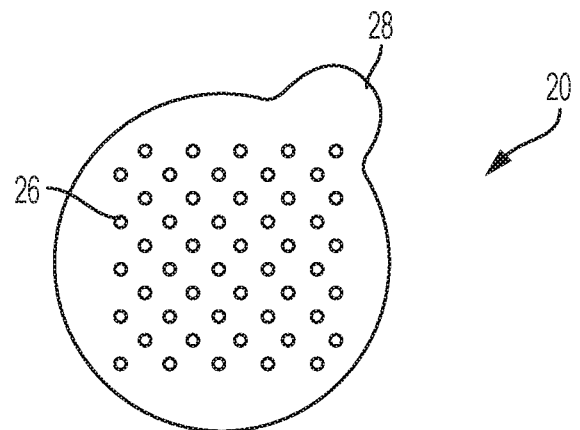


FIG. 3

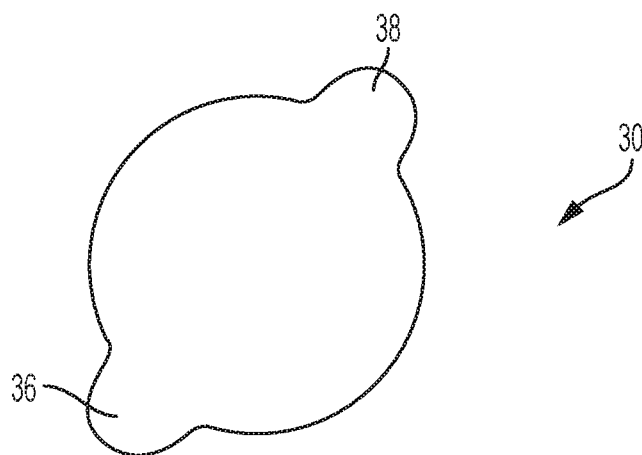


FIG. 4

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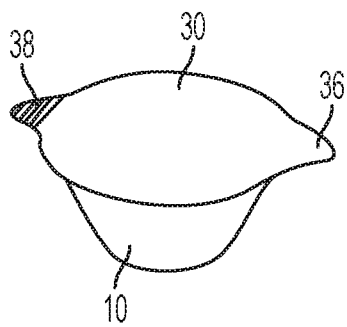


FIG. 5A

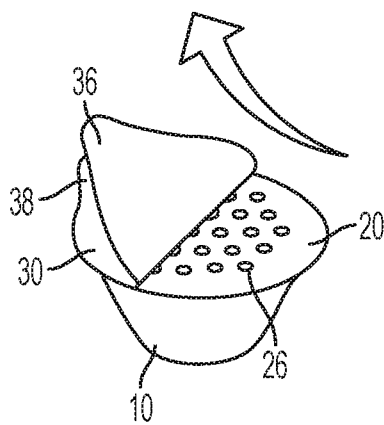


FIG. 5B

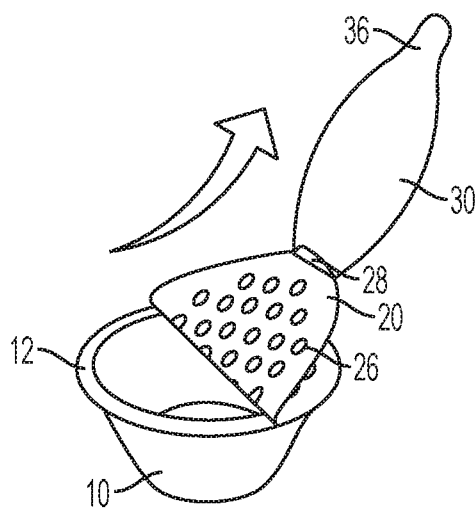


FIG. 5C

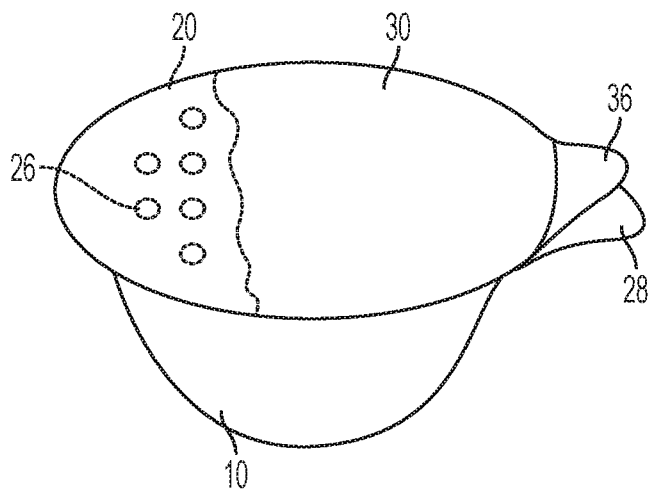


FIG. 6

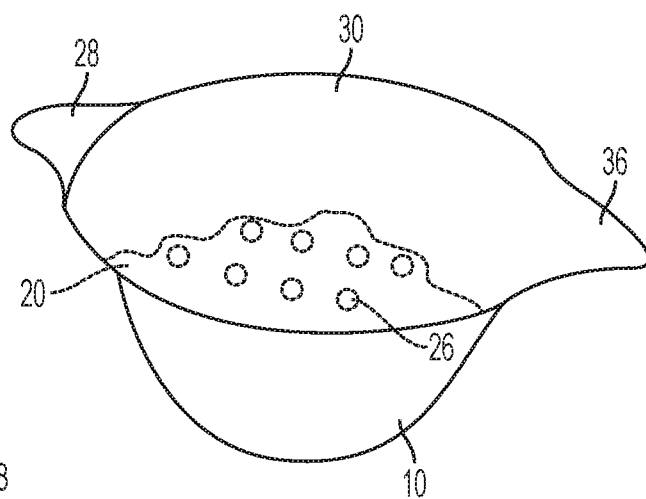


FIG. 7

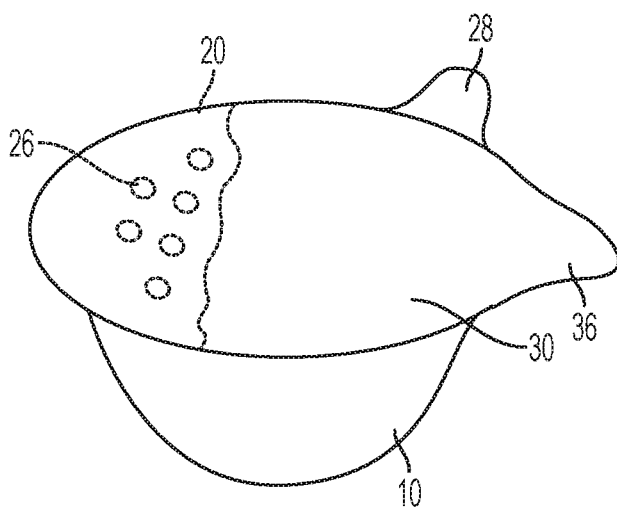


FIG. 8

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No
PCT/US2016/066838

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
INV. B65D77/20 B65D53/08
ADD. B65D75/32

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)
B65D

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

EP0-Internal

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	JP 2010 280422 A (TOPPAN PRINTING CO LTD) 16 December 2010 (2010-12-16) abstract figures 1, 2	2-15
Y	----- US 4 960 216 A (GILES JOSEPH M [US]) 2 October 1990 (1990-10-02) column 1, line 45 - column 4, line 68 figures 1-5	2-15
A	----- US 5 513 781 A (ULLRICH JEFFREY F [US] ET AL) 7 May 1996 (1996-05-07) column 1, line 46 - column 7, line 26 figures 2, 5, 6 ----- -/--	1-15



Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.



See patent family annex.

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Date of the actual completion of the international search

15 February 2017

Date of mailing of the international search report

27/02/2017

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Duc, Emmanuel

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No
PCT/US2016/066838

C(Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

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