



New connection on: : 29-09-2020 : 21:03:44 - Last disconnection on: : 29-09-2020 : 21:03:39

V 4.0.0.44803(LP,U,linux) (Rev:43856 2017-04-27 09:03:29 +0200#{D201820}) (RPM D201820)

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[EPODOC: SS 50] signal and processor and (hybrid 1w architecture)

Results in EPODOC 10

[SS 51] ..li



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PN - [US2020065054](#) A1 20200227

PR - US201916671688
20191101; US201715614006
20170605; US201662345326P
20160603

AP - [US201916671688](#) 20191101

DT - **

CCI - [G06F3/162](#) ; [G06F3/165](#)

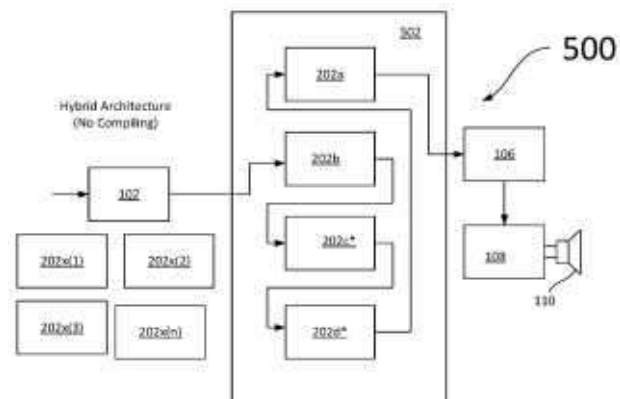
CI - G06F3/162 (EP, US)
G06F3/165 (EP, US)

CA - H04R2420/01 (US)
H04S2400/03 (US)

PA - CRESTRON ELECTRONICS INC [US]

TI - Audio Digital **Signal Processor**
Utilizing a **Hybrid**
Network **Architecture**

AB - A system and method executed by audio processing software on one or more electronic devices in a computer system to process digital audio signals. The system comprises a digitizer for digitizing a received audio **signal**; and **processor** for performing a plurality of audio processing functions on the digitized audio signals, each of the audio processing functions having at least one programmable



parameter, and wherein each of the audio processing functions are categorized and grouped as audio objects, and organized into a channel strip, the channel strip processing digitized audio signals for a particular received audio **signal**, and wherein, the audio objects are fixed in order, so that the digitized received audio signals are processed by a predefined number of N audio objects, and wherein the N audio objects occur in a fixed sequence, and further wherein, the N audio objects comprise a first subset of non-exchangeable audio objects and a second subset of exchangeable audio objects, such that any one or more of the second subset of audio objects can be exchanged by a replacement audio object, and further wherein when the audio processing functions are programmed, they can be saved without compiling the audio processing software.

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PN - [US2017352357](#) A1 20171207

PNFP - US10474419 B2 20191112

PR - US201715614006
20170605; US201662345326P
20160603

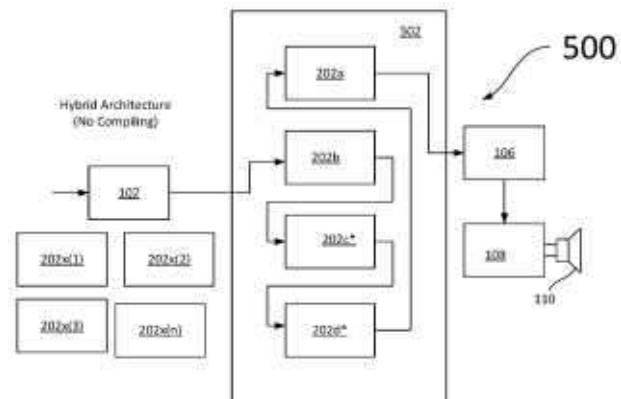
AP - [US201715614006](#) 20170605

DT - *: Rep

CT - || R141 (A1)
[US2009248183](#) A1 20091001 []
(MIWA AKIHIRO [JP]);
[US2006015200](#) A1 20060119 []
(TAKEMURA SATOSHI [JP], et al)

- || STSE (A1)
[US2006015200](#) A1 20060119 [X]
(TAKEMURA SATOSHI [JP], et al)
[X] 1

* Claim 1 | para 27 | Fig. 4 | para
31 | para 61 | para 32 | para 59 |
Fig. 4b | Fig. 4a | Figs. 2a | Fig. 6b |
para 64 | para 101 | Fig. 8 | para 28



| para 37 | *;
[US2009248183](#) A1 20091001 [A]
(MIWA AKIHIRO [JP])

- || STSE (B2)
[US2006015200](#) A1 20060119 []
(TAKEMURA SATOSHI [JP], et al);
[US2009248183](#) A1 20091001 []
(MIWA AKIHIRO [JP])

CCI	- G06F3/162 ; G06F3/165
CI	- G06F3/162 (EP, US) - G06F3/165 (EP, US)
CA	- H04R2420/01 (US) - H04S2400/03 (US)
PA	- (A1 B2) CRESTRON ELECTRONICS INC [US]
TI	- (A1) AUDIO DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSOR UTILIZING A HYBRID NETWORK ARCHITECTURE - (B2) Audio digital signal processor utilizing a hybrid network architecture
AB	- (A1 B2) A system and method executed by audio processing software on one or more electronic devices in a computer system to process digital audio signals. The system comprises a digitizer for digitizing a received audio signal ; and processor for performing a plurality of audio processing functions on the digitized audio signals, each of the audio processing functions having at least one programmable parameter, and wherein each of the audio processing functions are categorized and grouped as audio objects, and organized into a channel strip, the channel strip processing digitized audio signals for a particular received audio signal , and wherein, the audio objects are fixed in order, so that the digitized received audio signals are processed by a predefined number of N audio objects, and wherein the N audio

objects occur in a fixed sequence, and further wherein, the N audio objects comprise a first subset of non-exchangeable audio objects and a second subset of exchangeable audio objects, such that any one or more of the second subset of audio objects can be exchanged by a replacement audio object, and further wherein when the audio processing functions are programmed, they can be saved without compiling the audio processing software.

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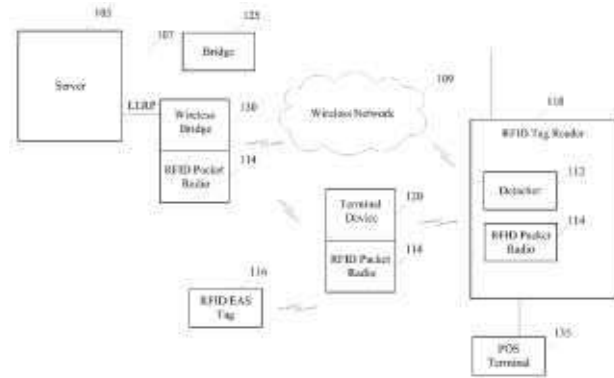
PN - [CN106525754](#) A 20170322
 PR - CN20161153357 20161124
 AP - [CN20161153357](#) 20161124
 DT - I
 CI - G01N21/01 (CN)
 - G01N21/3554 (CN)
 PA - ANHUI WANTUO AUTOMATION CO LTD
 TI - Infrared moisture meter
 AB - The invention provides an infrared moisture meter and particularly relates to the field of automatic equipment. The infrared moisture meter comprises an infrared detection head, a motor and a control box, wherein the control box is connected with the motor and the infrared detection head and provided with a data acquisition system, the data acquisition system adopts an FPGA (field programmable gate array) and DSP (digital **signal processor**) **hybrid architecture**, an FPGA and a DSP are connected, and an A/D converter and a DA chip are connected between the FPGA and the DSP in series. The infrared moisture meter is high in detection precision and high in operation speed, has a self-checking function and facilitates equipment overhaul and maintenance.

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PN - [CN104159089](#) A 20141119
 PNFP - CN104159089B B 20170818
 PR - CN201410447901 20140904
 AP - [CN201410447901](#) 20140904
 DT - I
 CT - *// STSE (A)*
[CN102158691](#) A 00000000 [A]
[A] 1-2
** 全文 **
[CN102724478](#) A 00000000 [A]
[A] 1-2
** 全文 **

CTNP	- // STSE (A) [X] - 朱海, "基于DM8168的视频监控系统的实现", 《中国优秀硕士学位论文全文数据库-信息科技辑》 [X] 1 * 第1.4、2.1-2.2、3.3、4.5节; 图2-2、3-6 * [A] - 郑亮, "基于DM8168多路视频监控系统研制", 《中国优秀硕士学位论文全文数据库-信息科技辑》 [A] 1-2 * 全文 * [A] - 管庆等, "基于TMS320DM8168的视频监控跟踪系统", 《数据采集与处理》 [A] 1-2 * 全文 * [A] - 杨振永等, "基于TMS320DM8168的SOC高清视频处理系统的设计与实现", 《液晶与显示》 [A] 1-2 * 全文 * [A] - 周建平等, "基于DM8168的高清视频智能分析系统设计与实现", 《现代电子技术》 [A] 1-2 * 全文 * [A] - 贾文全等, "基于TMS320DM8168硬件平台的智能网络视频监控系统", 《计算机与数字工程》 [A] 1-2 * 全文 *
PA	- (A)
TI	SICHUAN MIANYANG SOUTHWEST AUTOMATION INST - (A) Abnormal event alarm high-resolution video intelligent processor
AB	- (A) The invention provides an abnormal event alarm high-resolution video intelligent processor. An A/D (Analog to Digital) processing unit in the high-resolution video intelligent processor is accessed to perform digital processing on a high-resolution video, and outputting video streams to an intelligent video analysis unit DSP (Digital Signal Processor) ; and the intelligent video analysis unit DSP is used for outputting the video stream superimposed with analysis data to a H.246 video encoding unit for compressed encoding, and outputting target detection and feature extraction data to a central processing unit ARM (Advanced RISC Machine) for performing abnormal event management and judgment. Distributed hybrid architecture is adopted, and abnormal event modeling is performing on the basis of a business rule, so that the functions of acquisition, encoding, intelligent analysis, alarming, compression, network transmission and the like are realized on high-resolution video streams of 1080P and more than 1080P, and an integral solution is provided for intelligent analysis and processing of high-resolution video images.

PN - [CN103053118](#) A 20130417
 PNFP - CN103053118B B 20150401
 PR - WO2011US01092
 20110617; US20100821260 20100623
 AP - [CN20118038402](#) 20110617
 DT - I
 CT - // STSE (A)
[US2009221232](#) A1 00000000 [YX]
 [Y] 1-20
 * 说明书第0018-0020段, 图1 *
 [X] 1-20;
[CN1937427](#) A 00000000 [A]
 [A] 1-20
 * 全文 *;
[EP0955751](#) A2 00000000 [Y]
 [Y] 7,15
 * 说明书第0015段第40-45行, 图1 *

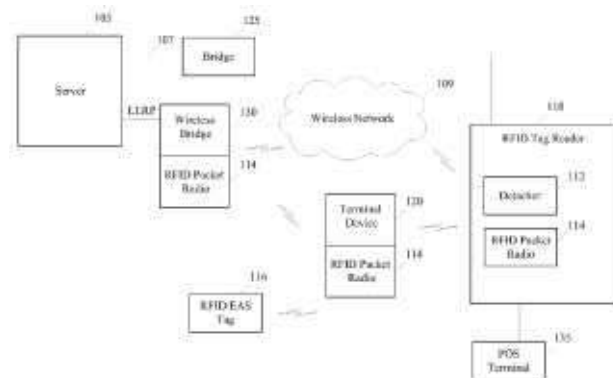


CCI - [G06K7/10297](#) ; [H04B1/10](#) ;
[H04B1/3805](#)
 CI - G06K7/10297 (EP, KR)
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 - H04B1/3805 (EP, KR)
 - H04B1/401 (KR)
 - H04B5/0062 (KR)
 - H04B5/02 (KR)
 PA - (A B)
 SENSORMATIC ELECTRONICS LLC
 TI - (A B)
Hybrid architecture for radio
 frequency identification and
 packet radio communication
 AB - (A)
 A radio frequency identification
 ("RFID") hybrid packet radio is
 provided having full duplex
 operability. The RFID packet
 radio includes an antenna and a
 radio that receives and transmits
 a packet radio **signal** and a
 RFID **signal**. A **processor** is
 provided in communication with
 the radio to perform **signal**
 detection and demodulation
 with respect to the RFID **signal**. A
 transmit path is provided to
 transport the packet radio **signal**
 and the RFID **signal** from the
 radio to the antenna. The RFID
 packet radio includes a first

receive path for transporting a received packet radio **signal** from the antenna to the radio and a second receive path, different from the first receive path, to transport a received RFID **signal** from the antenna to the **processor**. The first receive path and the second receive path enable simultaneous transmission and reception of RFID signals.

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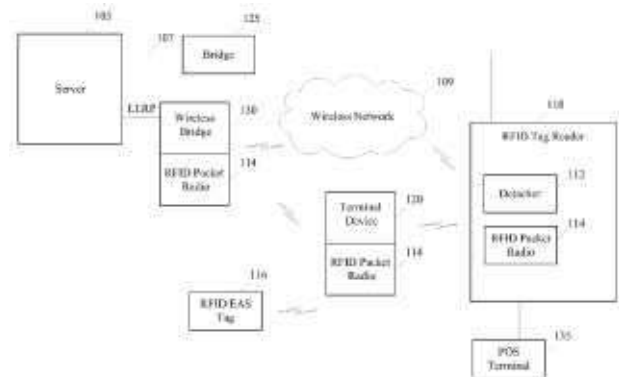
- PN - [CA2805752](#) A1 20111229
- PNFP - CA2805752 C 20180828
- PR - US20100821260
20100623; WO2011US01092
20110617
- AP - [CA20112805752](#) 20110617
- DT - I
- CCI - [G06K7/10297](#) ; [H04B1/10](#) ;
[H04B1/3805](#)
- CI - G06K7/10297 (EP, KR)
- H04B1/10 (EP, KR)
- H04B1/3805 (EP, KR)
- H04B1/401 (KR)
- H04B5/0062 (KR)
- H04B5/02 (KR)
- PA - (A1 C)
SENSORMATIC ELECTRONICS LLC
[US]
- TI - (A1 C)
**HYBRID ARCHITECTURE FOR RADIO
FREQUENCY IDENTIFICATION AND
PACKET RADIO COMMUNICATION**
- AB - (A1 C)
A radio frequency identification ("RFID") hybrid packet radio is provided having full duplex operability. The RFID packet radio includes an antenna and a radio that receives and transmits a packet radio **signal** and a RFID **signal**. A **processor** is provided in communication with the radio to perform **signal** detection and demodulation with respect to the RFID **signal**. A



transmit path is provided to transport the packet radio **signal** and the RFID **signal** from the radio to the antenna. The RFID packet radio includes a first receive path for transporting a received packet radio **signal** from the antenna to the radio and a second receive path, different from the first receive path, to transport a received RFID **signal** from the antenna to the **processor**. The first receive path and the second receive path enable simultaneous transmission and reception of RFID signals.

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- PN - [AU2011269828](#) A1 20130131
- PNFP - AU2011269828B B2 20160609
- PR - US20100821260
20100623; WO2011US01092
20110617
- AP - [AU20110269828](#) 20110617
- DT - I
- CT - // STSE (B2)
[US2007205865](#) A1 20070906 []
(ROFOUGARAN AHMADREZA REZA
[US], et al);
[US2009221232](#) A1 20090903 []
(ESTEVEZ LEONARDO W [US], et al)
- CCI - [G06K7/10297](#) ; [H04B1/10](#) ;
[H04B1/3805](#)
- CI - [G06K7/10297](#) (EP, KR)
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[H04B1/3805](#) (EP, KR)
[H04B1/401](#) (KR)
[H04B5/0062](#) (KR)
[H04B5/02](#) (KR)
- PA - (A1)
SENSORMATIC ELECTRONICS LLC
(B2)
SENSORMATIC ELECTRONICS LLC
[US]
- TI - (A1 B2)
Hybrid architecture for radio
frequency identification and
packet radio communication



AB

- (A1 B2)

A radio frequency identification ("RFID") hybrid packet radio is provided having full duplex operability. The RFID packet radio includes an antenna and a radio that receives and transmits a packet radio **signal** and a RFID **signal**. A **processor** is provided in communication with the radio to perform **signal** detection and demodulation with respect to the RFID **signal**. A transmit path is provided to transport the packet radio **signal** and the RFID **signal** from the radio to the antenna. The RFID packet radio includes a first receive path for transporting a received packet radio **signal** from the antenna to the radio and a second receive path, different from the first receive path, to transport a received RFID **signal** from the antenna to the **processor**. The first receive path and the second receive path enable simultaneous transmission and reception of RFID signals.

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PN - [US2011317594](#) A1 20111229

PNFP - US8610543 B2 20131217

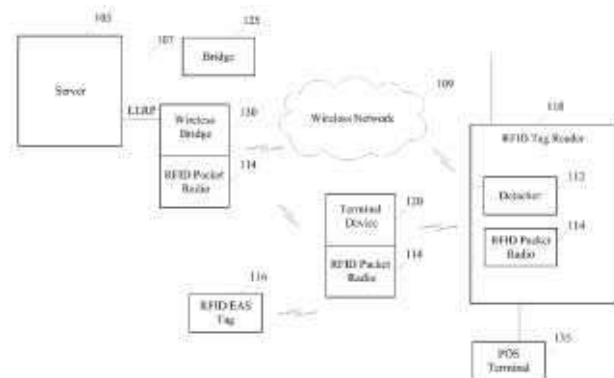
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DT - *, Rep

CT - || R141 (A1)

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[US2003025631](#) A1 20030206 [] (KIM JONNATHAN H [US]);
[US6560443](#) B1 20030506 [] (VAISANEN ARI [FI], et al);
[US2004137852](#) A1 20040715 [] (SHI ZHONGMING [US], et al);
[US6771612](#) B1 20040803 [] (PARK SEONG-HYUN [KR]);
[US2007046435](#) A1 20070301 [] (FRATTI ROGER A [US], et al);



[US2007126584](#) A1 20070607 []
(HYDE JOHN D [US], et al);
[US2008074282](#) A1 20080327 []
(KOO SI-GYOUNG [KR], et al);
[US2008232279](#) A1 20080925 []
(MARHOLEV BOJKO [US]);
[US7420458](#) B1 20080902 [] (KUZMA
PETER J [US], et al);
[US7532908](#) B2 20090512 []
(ROFOUGARAN AHMADREZA REZA
[US], et al);
[US2009156276](#) A1 20090618 []
(ROFOUGARAN AHMADREZA [US]);
[US2009276338](#) A1 20091105 []
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[US2009319677](#) A1 20091224 []
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[US2011234399](#) A1 20110929 []
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[US2012165684](#) A1 20120628 []
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[US8275382](#) B2 20120925 [] (LEWIS
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(WONG SHEK DUNCAN [HK], et al);
[US2012268250](#) A1 20121025 []
(KAUFMAN JEFFREY R [US], et al);
[US2012276858](#) A1 20121101 []
(WALLEY JOHN [US], et al);
[US2005085237](#) A1 20050421 []

(YANG BAOGUO [US], et al);
[US2007205865](#) A1 20070906 []
 (ROFOUGARAN AHMADREZA REZA
 [US], et al);
[US2008280574](#) A1 20081113 []
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 [US], et al);
[US2009028074](#) A1 20090129 []
 (KNOX MICHAEL E [US]);
[US2010142508](#) A1 20100610 []
 (WALLEY JOHN [US], et al);
[US6078251](#) A 20000620 [] (LANDT
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[US2005085237](#) A1 20050421 []
 (YANG BAOGUO [US], et al);

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[US2007126584](#) A1 20070607 []
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[US2007205865](#) A1 20070906 []
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[US2008280574](#) A1 20081113 []
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[US2009028074](#) A1 20090129 []
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 (MASERMANN UTE [DE], et al);
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[US2012003938](#) A1 20120105 []
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[US2012165684](#) A1 20120628 []
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[US2012249292](#) A1 20121004 []
 (WONG SHEK DUNCAN [HK], et al);
[US2012268250](#) A1 20121025 []
 (KAUFMAN JEFFREY R [US], et al);
[US2012276858](#) A1 20121101 []
 (WALLEY JOHN [US], et al)

CCI - [G06K7/10297](#) ; [H04B1/10](#) ;
[H04B1/3805](#)

CI - G06K7/10297 (EP, KR)
 - H04B1/10 (EP, KR)
 - H04B1/3805 (EP, KR)
 - H04B1/401 (KR)
 - H04B5/0062 (KR)
 - H04B5/02 (KR)

- PA
- (A1)
ALICOT JORGE F [US]; MOHIUDDIN MOHAMMAD [US]; RELIHAN TIMOTHY J [US] ; SENSORMATIC ELECTRONICS LLC [US]
 - (B2)
ALICOT JORGE F [US]; MOHIUDDIN MOHAMMAD [US]; RELIHAN TIMOTHY J [US] ; TYCO FIRE & SECURITY GMBH [CH]
- TI
- (A1)
HYBRID ARCHITECTURE FOR RADIO FREQUENCY IDENTIFICATION AND PACKET RADIO COMMUNICATION
 - (B2)
Hybrid architecture for radio frequency identification and packet radio communication
- AB
- (A1)
A radio frequency identification ("RFID") hybrid packet radio is provided having full duplex operability. The RFID packet radio includes an antenna and a radio that receives and transmits a packet radio **signal** and a RFID **signal**. A **processor** is provided in communication with the radio to perform **signal** detection and demodulation with respect to the RFID **signal**. A transmit path is provided to transport the packet radio **signal** and the RFID **signal** from the radio to the antenna. The RFID packet radio includes a first receive path for transporting a received packet radio **signal** from the antenna to the radio and a second receive path, different from the first receive path, to transport a received RFID **signal** from the antenna to the **processor**. The first receive path and the second receive path enable simultaneous transmission and reception of RFID signals.
 - (B2)
A radio frequency identification ("RFID") hybrid packet radio is

provided having full duplex operability. The RFID packet radio includes an antenna and a radio that receives and transmits a packet radio **signal** and a RFID **signal**. A **processor** is provided in communication with the radio to perform **signal** detection and demodulation with respect to the RFID **signal**. A transmit path is provided to transport the packet radio **signal** and the RFID **signal** from the radio to the antenna. The RFID packet radio includes a first receive path for transporting a received packet radio **signal** from the antenna to the radio and a second receive path, different from the first receive path, to transport a received RFID **signal** from the antenna to the **processor**. The first receive path and the second receive path enable simultaneous transmission and reception of RFID signals.

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PN - [TW200721876](#) A 20070601

PNFP - TWI295898B B 20080411

PR - TW20050140256 20051116

AP - [TW20050140256](#) 20051116

DT - I

PA - (A B)
UNIV NAT CHIAO TUNG [TW]

TI - (A)
Sensor-free bass compensation system

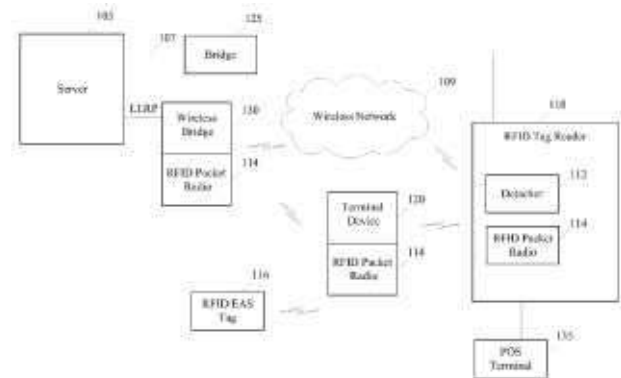
AB - (A)

A sensor-free bass compensation system includes a bi-layer **hybrid** control **architecture** having a feed-forward control device and a feedback control device as well as a volume velocity estimation device of acoustic source. The volume velocity estimation device of acoustic source employs a dynamic equation and the linear quadratic Gaussian theorem to obtain a sensor-free volume velocity estimation device of acoustic source. The feed-forward control device is mounted on a digital **signal processor**, and a feedback control device is designed with the quantitative feedback technique and is mounted on an analog circuit for enhancing the robust stability while a speaker is operating. Besides, the system of the present invention possesses the capability of automatic modeling and synthetic filter, thereby achieving the reduction of operating frequency of speaker, correct low-frequency loudness in different room and the suppression of

parametric drift arising from long working hours.

10/10 © EPODOC / EPO

- PN - [WO2011162800](#) A1 20111229
- PR - US20100821260 20100623
- AP - [WO2011US01092](#) 20110617
- DT - **
- CT - |EP| ISR (A1)
[US2009221232](#) A1 00000000 [X]
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[US]
- TI - HYBRID ARCHITECTURE FOR RADIO



FREQUENCY IDENTIFICATION AND
PACKET RADIO COMMUNICATION

AB

- A radio frequency identification ("RFID") hybrid packet radio is provided having full duplex operability. The RFID packet radio includes an antenna and a radio that receives and transmits a packet radio **signal** and a RFID **signal**. A **processor** is provided in communication with the radio to perform **signal** detection and demodulation with respect to the RFID **signal**. A transmit path is provided to transport the packet radio **signal** and the RFID **signal** from the radio to the antenna. The RFID packet radio includes a first receive path for transporting a received packet radio **signal** from the antenna to the radio and a second receive path, different from the first receive path, to transport a received RFID **signal** from the antenna to the **processor**. The first receive path and the second receive path enable simultaneous transmission and reception of RFID signals.

[SS 51]