(A)

if $(L_{RBs}-1) \leq \lfloor N_{BWP}^{size}/2 \rfloor$ then

$$RIV = N_{BWP}^{size}(L_{RBs}-1) + RB_{start}$$

else

$$RIV = N_{BWP}^{size}(N_{BWP}^{size} - L_{RBs} + 1) + (N_{BWP}^{size} - 1 - RB_{start})$$

where $L_{RBs} \geq 1$ and shall not exceed $N_{BWP}^{size} - RB_{start}$.

(B)

if $(L'_{RBs}-1) \leq \lfloor N_{BWP}^{initial}/2 \rfloor$ then

$$RIV = N_{BWP}^{initial}(L'_{RBs}-1) + RB'_{start}$$

else

$$RIV = N_{BWP}^{initial}(N_{BWP}^{initial} - L'_{RBs} + 1) + (N_{BWP}^{initial} - 1 - RB'_{start})$$

where $L'_{RBs} = L_{RBs}/K$, $RB'_{start} = RB_{start}/K$ and where L'_{RBs} shall not exceed $N_{BWP}^{initial} - RB'_{start}$.

If $N_{BWP}^{active} > N_{BWP}^{initial}$, K is the maximum value from set {1, 2, 4, 8} which satisfies $K \leq \lfloor N_{BWP}^{active} / N_{BWP}^{initial} \rfloor$; otherwise $K = 1$.

FIG. 12